Histórico de vulnerabilidades de Xaneiro do 2016

Semana 25/01/2016				
Primary Vendor Product	Description	Published	CVSS Score	Source & Patch Info
lexmark printer_firmware	Race condition in the initialization process on Lexmark printers with firmware ATL before ATL 02.049, CB before CB 02.049, PP before PP 02.049, and YK before YK. 02.049 allows remote attackers to bypass authentication by leveraging incorrect detection of the security- lumoer status.	27/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2016-1896
debian fuse	An unspecified uder rule in the Debian fuse package in jessie before 2.9.3-15-4eb8u2, in stretch before 2.9.5-1, and in sid before 2.9.5- 1 sets world-writable permissions for the /dev/cuse character device, which allows local users to gain privileges via a character device in /dev, related to an ioctt.	26/01/2016	<u>7.2</u>	CVE-2016-1233
microsys promotic	Heap-based buffer overflow in MICROSYS PROMOTIC before 8.3.11 allows remote authenticated users to cause a denial of service via a malformed HTML document.	26/01/2016	7.1	CVE-2016-0869
google chrome	Multiple unspecified vulnerabilities in Google Chrome before 48.0.2564.82 allow attackers to cause a denial of service or possibly have other impact via unknown vectors.	25/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-1620
google chrome	Multiple unspecified vulnerabilities in HarfBuzz before 1.0.6, as used in Google Chrome before 48.0.2564.82, allow attackers to cause a denial of service or possibly have other impact via unknown vectors.	25/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2016-2052
cisco modular_encoding_platform_d9036_softwa re	Cisco Modular Encoding Platform D9036 Software before 02.04.70 has hardcoded (1) root and (2) guest passwords, which makes it easier for remote attackers to obtain access via an SSH session, aka Bug ID CSCut88070.	22/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-6412
cisco unified_computing_system	An unspecified CGI script in Cisco FX-OS before 1.1.2 on Firepower 9000 devices and Cisco Unified Computing System (UCS) Manager before 2.2(db), 2.2(5) before 2.2(5a), and 3.0 before 3.0(2e) allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary shell commands via a crafted HTTP request, also Bug ID CSC/W0808.	22/01/2016	10.0	CVE-2015-6435
harman amx_firmware	The setUgSubtleUserAccount function in /bin/bw on Harman AMX devices before 2015-10-12 has a hardcoded password for the BlackWidow account, which makes it easier for remote attackers to obtain access via a (1) SSH or (2) HTTP session, a different vulnerability than CVE-2016-1984.	22/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-8362
harman amx_firmware	The setUgSubtleUserAccount function in /bin/bw on Harman AMX devices before 2016-01-20 has a hardcoded password for the IMB@tMAN account, which makes it easier for remote attackers to obtain access via a (1) SSH or (2) HTTP session, a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-836.2	22/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2016-1984
hospira lifecare_pca_infusion_system	Stack-based buffer overflow in Hospira Communication Engine (EE) before 1.2 in LifeCare PCA infusion System 5.07, Paum A+ Infusion System 13.40, and Plum A+3 Infusion System 13.40 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other inmact via traffic on TCP boot 5000.	22/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-7909

Primary Vendor Product	Semana 18/01/2016 Description	Published	CVSS Score	Source & Patch Info
cgit_project cgit	Integer overflow in the authenticate_post function in CGit before 0.12 allows remote attackers to have unspecified impact via a large value in the Content-Length HTTP header, which triggers a buffer overflow.	20/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2016-1901
ap hana	Buffer overflow in the XS engine (hdbxsengine) in SAP HANA allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service or execute arbitrary code via a crafted HTTP request, related to JSON, aka SAP Security Note 2241978.	20/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2016-1928
ap hana	The XS engine in SAP HANA allows remote attackers to spoof log entries in trace files and consequently cause a denial of service (disk consumption and process crash) via a crafted HTTP request, related to an unspecified debug function, aka SAP Security Note 2241978.	20/01/2016	<u>8.5</u>	CVE-2016-1929
php php	Stack-based buffer overflow in the phar_fin_filepath function in ex/phar/phar. In PMP before 5.4.3, 5.5.x before 5.5.27, and 5.6.x before 5.6.1 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified other impact via a large length value, as demonstrated by minhanding of an email attachment by the imag PMP extension.	19/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-5590
php php	The php_str_replace_in_subject function in ext/standard/string.c in PHP 7.x before 7.0.0 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted value in the third argument to the str ireplace function.	19/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-6527
php php	Multiple use-after-free vulnerabilities in SPIvin PHP before 5.4.44, 5.5.x before 5.5.28, and 5.6.x before 5.6.12 allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via vectors involving (1) ArrayObject, (2) SplObjectStorage, and (3) SplDoublyLinkedList, which are mishandled during unserailation.	19/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-6831
php php	Use-after-free vulnerability in the SPL unserialize implementation in ext/spl/spl_array.c in PHP before 5.4.44, 5.5.x before 5.5.28, and 5.6.x before 5.6.12 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via crafted serialized data that triggers misuse of an array field.	19/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-6832
php php	The SoapClientail method in ext/soap/soap.c in PHP before 5.4.45, 5.5.x before 5.5.29, and 5.6.x before 5.6.13 does not properly manage headers, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via crafted serialized data that triggers a "type confusion" in the serialize function call function.	19/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-6836
php php	Use-after-free vulnerability in the Collator::sortWihSortKeys function in ext/intl/collator/collator_sort.c in PHP 7.x before 7.0.1 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (application crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact by leveraging the relationships between a key buffer and a destructed array.	19/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-8616
php php	Format string vulnerability in the zend_throw_or_error function in Zend/zend_execute_API.c in PHP 7x before 7.0.1 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via format string specifiers in a string that is misused as a class name, leading to incorrect error hundline.	19/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-8617
php php	Multiple integer overflows in ext/standard/exec.c in PHP 7x before 7.0.2 allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service or possibly have unspecified buffer impact via a long string to the (1) php_escape_shell_cmd or (2) php_escape_shell_arg function, leading to a heap-based buffer overflow.	19/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2016-1904
ibm tealeaf_customer_experience	Directory traversal vulnerability in the replay server in IBM Tealeaf Customer Experience before 8.7.1.8818, 8.8 before 8.8.0.9026, 9.0.0, 9.0.0, 9.0.1 before 9.0.1.1083, 9.0.1A before 9.0.1.5073, 9.0.2 before 9.0.2.1095, and 9.0.2A before 9.0.2.5144 allows remote attackers to read arbitrary files via unsoecified vectors.	18/01/2016	<u>7.8</u>	CVE-2015-4988
hp arcsight_logger	HPE ArcSight Logger before 6.1P1 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via unspecified input to the (1) Intellicus or (2) client-certificate unload component.	16/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-6863
seeds acmailer	Seeds acmailer before 3.8.21 and 3.9.x before 3.9.15 Beta allows remote authenticated users to execute arbitrary OS commands via unspecified vectors.	16/01/2016	<u>9.0</u>	CVE-2016-1142
fortinet fortios	FortiOS 4.x before 4.3.17 and 5.0.x before 5.0.8 has a hardcoded passphrase for the Fortimanager_Access account, which allows remote attackers to obtain administrative access via an SSH session.	15/01/2016	10.0	CVE-2016-1909

1	Semana 11/01/2016			
Primary Vendor Product	Description	Published	CVSS Score	Source & Patch Info
adobe acrobat	Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.002.02656 on Windows and OS Allow attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory compution) via unspective vectors, adifferent luverability than UC+2016.0311, CVE-2016-0386, CVE-2016-0388, CVE-2016-0393, CVE-2016-0342, CVE-2016-0344, CVE-2016-0345, and CVE-2016-0346.	14/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2016-0933
adobe acrobat	Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Clussic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.010.2056 on Windows and OS Allow attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via cratella PC 2000 data, a different winterbildhy March V2016-0931, CVF-2016-0933, CVF-2016-0933, CVF-2016-0934, CVF-2016-0944, CVF-2016-0944, OVF-2016-0944, NOF-2016-0944, SVF-2016-0944, SVF	14/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0936
adobe acrobat	Use-after-fee vulnerability in the OCG object implementation in Adde Reader and Acrobat Before 11.0.1.4, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader OC Classic before 15.006.2013;P. and Acrobat and Acrobat Reader OC Continuous before 15.005.2013;OSG on Windows and OS X allows attackens to execute abitrary code via unspecified vectors, a different vulnerability than CVF-2016-0932, CVF-2015-0934, CVF- 2015-0940, and CV-2016-0941.	14/01/2016	9.3	CVE-2016-0937
adobe acrobat	The AcroForm plugin in Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.001.20056 on Windows and OS X allows attacted set to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of acrobative (memory corruption) via supecified version, all different viametality than CVE-2016-0938, CVE-2016-0938, CVE-2016-0942, CVE-2016-0942, CVE-2016-0945, and CVE-2016-0946.	14/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0938
adobe acrobat	Use after-free volmenshifty in Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.005,0112, and Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.001,20056 on Windows and OS X allows attackers to execute arbitrary code vol sumpedified vectors, a different universibility than CV+2016-0932, CVF 2016-0931, CVF 2016-0937, and CVF 2016-0941.	14/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2016-0940
adobe acrobat	Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Clussic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.010.2056 on Windows and OS Allow attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory compution) via unspective vectors, adifferent universitibility fand // Cr2016.0931, CVF-2016.0933, CVF-2016.0933, CVF-2016.0934, CVF-2016.0936, CVF-2016.0938, CVF-2016.0948, CVF-2016.0948, C	14/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2016-0942
adobe acrobat	Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.002.02656 on Windows and OS Allow attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory compution) via unspective vectors, adifferent luverability than QC-2016.0931, CVE-2016.0938, QCE-2016.0938, QCE-2016.0938, QCE-2016.0938, QCE-2016.0938, QCE-2016.0938, QCE-2016.0942, QCE-2016.0948, and QCE-2016.0948, CVE-2016.0938, QCE-2016.0942, QCE-2016.0948, and QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, and QCE-2016.0948, and QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, QCE-2016.0948, Add QCE-	14/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2016-0944
adobe acrobat	Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat Reader DC Classics DC continuous before 15.010.2056 on Windows and OS X allow attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory compution) via unspective vectors, adifferent universitibit than CV-2016.0931, CVE-2016.0938, CV	14/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	<u>CVE-2016-0945</u>
adobe acrobat	Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.006.30119, and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.002.02656 on Windows and OS Allow attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory compution) via sungedire vectors, adfilternt universitibility hand V-Ca16.0931, CVF-2016-0933, CVF-2016-0933, CVF-2016-0934, CVF-20	14/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2016-0946
adobe acrobat	Untrusted search path vulnerability in Adobe Download Manager, as used in Adobe Reader and Acrobat before 11.0.14, Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Classic before 15.06.30113, and Acrobat and Acrobat Reader DC Continuous before 15.010.20056 on Windows and OS X, allows class users gain privileges via a crafter source in an unspecified directory.	14/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2016-0947
microsoft jscript	The Microsoft (1) VBScript 5.7 and 5.8 and (2) JScript 5.7 and 5.8 engines, as used in Internet Explorer 8 through 11 and other products, allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted web site, aka "Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnersbitty."	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0002
microsoft edge	Microsoft Edge allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via unspecified vectors, aka "Microsoft Edge Memory Corruption Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0003
microsoft windows_10	Microsoft Windows Vista SP2, Windows Server 2008 SP2 and R2 SP1, Windows 7 SP1, and Windows 10 Gold and 1511 allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via unspecified vectors, aka "Win32k Remote Code Execution Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0009
microsoft excel_for_mac	Microardt Offre 2 007 993, Offre 2010 592, Offre 2013 592, Offre 2013 375 592, Offre 2013 AT 592, Offre 2013 575 592, Offre 2013 AT 592, Offer 201	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0010
microsoft - windows_10	DirectShow in Microsoft Windows Vista SP2, Windows Server 2008 SP2 and R2 SP1, Windows 7 SP1, Windows 8, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 Gold and R2, and Windows 10 Gold and 1511 alliows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted file, aka "DirectShow Heap Corruption Remote Code Execution Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	9.3	CVE-2016-0015
microsoft windows_10	The Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) service implementation in Microsoft Windows 10 Gold and 1511 allows remote attackers to bypass intended access retrictions and establish sessions for blank-password accounts via a modified RDP client, aka "Windows Remote Desktop Protocol Security Bypass Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0019
microsoft windows_7	Microsoft Windows Vista SP2, Windows Server 2008 SP2 and R2 SP1, and Windows 7 SP1 mishandle DLL loading, which allows local users to gain privileges via a crafted application, aka "MAPI DLL Loading Elevation of Privilege Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	<u>7.2</u>	CVE-2016-0020
microsoft edge	The Chakra JavaScript engine in Microsoft Edge allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via unspecified vectors, aka "Scripting Engine Memory Corruption Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0024
microsoft – silverlight	Microsoft Silverlight 5 before 5.1.41212.0 mishandles negative offsets during decoding, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (object-header corruption) via a crafted web site, aka "Silverlight Runtime Remote Code Execution Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0034
microsoft excel	Microsoft Excel 2007 593, Excel 2010 592, Excel 2013 591, Excel 2013 RT 591, Excel 2016, Excel for Mac 2011, Excel 2016 for Mac, Office Compatibility Pack 593, and Excel Viewer allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted Office document, aka "Microsoft Office Memory Corruption Vulnerability."	13/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2016-0035

Histórico de vulnerabilidades de Xaneiro do 2016

	Description	Published	CVSS Score	Source & Patch Info
	o compton	rabilitied	C133 30010	Source of Faternino
f5 big-ip_access_policy_manager	F5 BG-IP APM 11.4.1 before 11.4.1 HF9, 11.5.x before 11.5.3, and 11.6.0 before 11.6.0. HF4 allow remote attackers to cause a denial of service or execute arbitrary code via unspecified vectors related to processing a Citra Remote Desistop connection through a virtual server configured with a mende existing profile, also an "Out-obusind memory valuerability."	12/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-8098
f5 big-ip_access_policy_manager	IBG-IP TTM, AAM, AFM, Analytics, APM, ASM, DNS, Link Controller, and PEM 12.0.0 before HFI on the 2000, 4000, 5000, 7000, and 10000 platforms do not property symc passwords with the Always-On Management (AOM) subsystem, which might allow remote attackers to obtaining in access to AOM via in (1) expired or 20 default passwords.	12/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-8611
huawei mate_7_firmware	Negs-based buffer overflow in the HIII driver in Haave Mate? J doons with collower MT7-LIOD before MT7-LIOD be	12/01/2016	<u>93</u>	CVE-2015-8088
joomla joomla\!	SQL injection vulnerability in Joomlal 3.x before 3.4.7 allows attackers to execute arbitrary SQL commands via unspecified vectors.	12/01/2016	7.5	CVE-2015-8769
qemu qemu	The VNC websocket frame decoder in QEMU allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory and CPU consumption) via a large (1) websocket payload or (2) HTTP headers section.	12/01/2016	7.8	CVE-2015-1779
apple mac_os_x	Directory Utility in Apple OS X before 10.11.1 mishandles authentication for new sessions, which allows local users to gain privileges via unspecified vectors.	11/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-6980
huawei espace_8950	Memory leak in Huawei eSpace 8950 IP phones with software before V200R003C00SPC300 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (memory consumption and restart) via a large number of crafted ARP packets.	11/01/2016	7.8	CVE-2015-8230
huawei espace_7910	Huawei eSpace 7910 and 7950 IP phones with software before V200R002C00SPC800 allow remote attackers with established sessions to cause a denial of service (device restart) via unspecified packets.	11/01/2016	7.8	CVE-2015-8231
zarafa zarafa_collaboration_platform	zarafa-autorespond in Zarafa Collaboration Platform (ZCP) before 7.2.1 allows local users to gain privileges via a symlink attack on /tmp/zarafa-vacation-*.	11/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-6566
apache activemq	Apache ActiveMQ 5.x before 5.13.0 does not restrict the classes that can be serialized in the broker, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted serialized Java Message Service (JMS) ObjectMessage object.	08/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-5254
apache subversion	Integer overflow in the read, string function in libsvn_ra_vnr/marshal.c in Apache Subversion 1.9.x before 1.9.3 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via an xnr:// protocol string, which triggers a heap-based buffer overflow and an out-of-bounds read.	08/01/2016	<u>9.0</u>	CVE-2015-5259
avm fritzl_os	AVM FRITZIOS before 6.30 extracts the contents of firmware updates before verifying their cryptographic signature, which allows remote attackers to create symlinks or overwrite critical fles, and consequently execute arbitrary code, via a crafted firmware image.	08/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2014-8886
blueman_project blueman	The EnableNetwork method in the Network class in plugins/mechanism/Network.py in Blueman before 2.0.3 allows local users to gain privileges via the dhco handler argument.	08/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-8612
dell pre-boot_authentication_driver	Dell Pre-Boot Authentication Driver (PBADRV.sys) 1.0.1.5 allows local users to write to arbitrary physical memory locations and gain orivilezes via a 0x0022201c IOCTL call.	08/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-6856
fortinet forticlient	Fortinet FortiClient Linux SSLVPN before build 2313, when installed on Linux in a home directory that is world readable and executable, allows local users to gain privileges via the helper/subroc setuid program.	08/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-7362
huawei – ale_firmware	The Jont Photographic Experts Group Processing Unit (JPU) driver in Huawe ALE smartphones with software before ALE- ULOCOD0822 and ALE-TLOCOD1822 Or and GEN-P303. smartphones with software before YLD00001223111 allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (crash) via a crafted application with the system or camera permission, a different vulnerability than CVE- n115-8276.	08/01/2016	<u>7.1</u>	CVE-2015-8225
huawei ale_firmware	The Jont Photographic Experts Group Processing Unit (IPU) driver in Huave ALE smartphones with software before ALE- ULOCOD0822 and ALE-TLOCO01822 Or and GEN-P031 smartphones with software before VLOD000122311 allows remote statakers to cause a denial of service (crash) via a crafted application with the system or camera permission, a different vulnerability than CVE- 2015-8225.	08/01/2016	<u>7.1</u>	CVE-2015-8226
juniper – screenos	Juniper ScreenOS before 6.3.0r21, when ssh-pka is configured and enabled, allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (system crash) or execute arbitrary code via crafted SSH negotiation.	08/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2015-7754
libtiff_project libtiff	The _TIFFVGetField function in tif_dir.c in libtiff 4.0.6 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (invalid memory write and crash) or possibly have unspecified other impact via crafted field data in an extension tag in a TIFF image.	08/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-7554
libtiff_project libtiff	Vestor hare unperiod when inter Parckitistrea include an extension tag the orthographic and the second and the Neap-based buffer overflow in the Parckitistrea include function in tif parchitistics in bing21ff in 1bbiff 4.0.6 and earlier allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service via a large width field in a BMP image.	08/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-8668
mcafee epolicy_orchestrator	Intel McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator (ePO) 4.6.9 and earlier, 5.0.x, 5.1.x before 5.1.3 Hotfix 1106041, and 5.3.x before 5.3.1 Hotfix 1106041 allow remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted serialized Java object, related to the Apache Commons Collections MCCO Brarv.	08/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2015-8765
owncloud owncloud	Construint Prec I nois: ownCloud Server before 8.0.10, 8.1.x before 8.1.5, and 8.2.x before 8.2.2 allow remote authenticated users to obtain sensitive information from a directory listing and possibly cause a denial of service (CPU consumption) via the force parameter to index.php/apps/files/jaav/sca.php.	08/01/2016	7.5	CVE-2016-1499
pygments pygments	The FontManagerget_nix_font_path function in formatters/img.py in Pygments 1.2.2 through 2.0.2 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary commands via shell metacharacters in a font name.	08/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2015-8557
sap afaria	SAP Afaria 7.0.6001.5 allows remote attackers to bypass authorization checks and wipe or lock mobile devices via a crafted request, related to "Insecure signature," aka SAP Security Note 2134905.	08/01/2016	<u>9.4</u>	CVE-2015-8753

	Semana 04/01/2016			
Primary Vendor Product	Description	Published	CVSS Score	Source & Patch Info
hp ucmdb_browser	HPE UCMDB Browser before 4.02 allows remote attackers to obtain sensitive information or bypass intended access restrictions via	07/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-6862
ipswitch whatsup_gold	unspecified vectors. The DroneDeleteOidMeasurements implementation in Ipswitch WhatSUp Gold Before 16.4 does not properly validate serialized XML objects, which allows remote attackers to conduct SQL injection attacks via a crafted SDAP request.	07/01/2016	7.5	CVE-2015-8261
google android	mediaserver in Android 5.x before 5.1.1 LMV49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via a crafted media file, aka internal bugs 25070493 and 24686670.	06/01/2016	10.0	CVE-2015-6636
google android	The MediaTek misc-sd driver in Android before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows attackers to gain privileges via a crafted application, aka internal bug 25307013.	06/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2015-6637
google android	The Imagination Technologies driver in Android 5.x before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows attackers to gain privileges via a crafted application, aka internal bug 24673908.	06/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2015-6638
google android	The Widevine QSEE TrustZone application in Android 5.x before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows attackers to gain privileges via a crafted application that leverages QSEECOM access, aka internal bug 24446875.	06/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2015-6639
google android	The prctI_set_vma_inon_name function in kernel/sys.c in Android before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 does not ensure that only one vma is accessed in a certain update action, which allows attackers to gain privileges or cause a denial of service (vma list corruption) via a crafted application, akis internal Jusy 2007/123.	06/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2015-6640
google android	The kernel in Android before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows attackers to obtain sensitive information, and consequently bypass an unspecified protection mechanism, via unknown vectors, as demonstrated by obtaining Signature or Signature/OrSverm access: Ask internal buz 2415788.	06/01/2016	<u>7.8</u>	CVE-2015-6642
google android	Setup Wizard in Android 5.x before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows physically proximate attackers to modify settings or bypass a reset protection mechanism via unspecified vectors, aka internal bug 25290269.	06/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-6643
google android	SyncManager in Android before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (continuous rebooting) via a crafted application. aka internal bug 23591205.	06/01/2016	7.1	CVE-2015-6645
google android	The System V IPC implementation in the kernel in Android before 6.0 2016-01-01 allows attackers to cause a denial of service (global kernel resource consumption) by leveraging improper interaction between IPC resource allocation and the memory manager, aka internal buz 2200913. a different vulnerability than UVC-2015-7613.	06/01/2016	<u>7.8</u>	CVE-2015-6646
google android	The Widevine QSEE TrustZone application in Android 5.x before 5.1.1 LMY49F and 6.0 before 2016-01-01 allows attackers to gain privileges via a crafted application that leverages QSEECOM access, aka internal bug 24441554.	06/01/2016	<u>9.3</u>	CVE-2015-6647
hp j8692a	HPE Network Switches with software 15.16.x and 15.17.x allow local users to bypass intended access restrictions via unspecified vectors. a different vulnerability than CVE-2015-6859.	05/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-6860
ibm tivoli_monitoring	The portal in IBM Tivoli Monitoring (ITM) 6.2.2 through FP9, 6.2.3 through FP5, and 6.3.0 before FP7 allows remote authenticated users to execute arbitrary commands by leveraging Take Action view authority and providing crafted input.	03/01/2016	<u>8.5</u>	CVE-2015-5003
ibm connections	IBM Connections 3.x before 3.0.1.1 CR3, 4.0 before CR4, 4.5 before CR5, and 5.0 before CR3 does not properly detect recursion during XAIL entity expansion, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption and application crash) via a catlet XMI. document containing a large number of nested entity references, a similar suse to CPC 2000-1564.	03/01/2016	<u>7.8</u>	CVE-2015-5038
ibm i access	Buffer overflow in IBM i Access 7.1 on Windows allows local users to gain privileges via unspecified vectors.	02/01/2016	7.2	CVE-2015-2023
ibm security_access_manager_9.0_firmware	IBM Security Access Manager for Web 7.0.0 before FP19 and 8.0 before 8.0.1.3 IF3, and Security Access Manager 9.0 before 9.0.0.0 IF1, allows remote authenticated users to execute arbitrary OS commands by leveraging Local Management Interface (LMI) access.	02/01/2016	<u>8.5</u>	CVE-2015-5018
ibm spectrum_protect_for_virtual_environment s	The Data Protection extension in the VMware GUI in IBM Tivoli Storage Manager for Virtual Environments: Data Protection for VMware (also Spectrum Protect for Virtual Environments) 7.1 before 7.1.3.0 and Tivoli Storage RashCopy Manager for VMware (also Spectrum Protect stanghold 1.4 before 1.1.0.3 allows remote attackers to execute attackers to execute attackers on execute attackers	02/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-7426
ibm tivoli_common_reporting	IBM Theid Common Reporting (TCI) 21 Jefore (F14, 21.1 Jefore (F22, 21.12 Jefore (F3, 31.00 Ibrough 13.1.2 as used in Cagnos liquinesis intelligence before 10.2 F145, and 31.2.1.2 as used in Cagnos Buinesis Intelligence before 10.2.1.1 F16 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary command via a crafted serialized Java object, related to the Invoker/Transformer class in the Apache Commons Callections Ibrary.	02/01/2016	<u>10.0</u>	CVE-2015-7450
pcre perl_compatible_regular_expression_library	The pcre_compile2 function in pcre_compile_c in PCRE 8.38 mixhandles the //[P-374[:7-4](8]a-V](939]- JU2)/[PCRYer(JPRR/F2V[JPPI/IDJ/PCFRXV[95])(e](PCRV[WR)][[[79])[JRVB(JPRI)][JJ] pattern and related patterns with named subgroups, which allows remote attackes to cause a denial of service pheap-based buffer overflow] or possibly have unspecified other majork via a critical reguine regression, as demonstrated by a JavaScript Regize object encountered by Knoupever.	02/01/2016	<u>7.5</u>	CVE-2016-1283